

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
	Any family labor in the plot	Any hired labor in the plot	Ttl days worked by hmem/ha in the last season	Ttl number of days/men hired/ha (W/95)	Ttl number of days/women hired/ha (W/95)	Ttl number of days/child hired/ha (W/95)	Any family labor in the plot	Any hired labor in the plot	Ttl days worked by hmem/ha in the last season	Ttl number of days/men hired/ha (W/95)	Ttl number of days/women hired/ha (W/95)	Ttl number of days/child hired/ha (W/95)
	<i>Full Sample (CTs and NCTs) in Program Villages</i>						<i>RDD 18 (CTs and NCTs) in Program Villages</i>					
CT in CT villages [A]	0.16** [0.07]	0.04 [0.04]	30.96* [18.54]	-0.32 [1.03]	0.18 [0.18]	-0.01 [0.26]	0.19** [0.08]	-0.01 [0.05]	34.52 [28.57]	-2.46* [1.29]	-0.12 [0.09]	-0.58* [0.31]
NCT in CT villages [B]	0.14* [0.07]	0.05 [0.05]	29.71* [16.87]	0.94 [1.16]	0.18 [0.22]	0.37 [0.44]	0.18** [0.08]	-0.03 [0.05]	28.99 [21.79]	-1.38 [1.10]	-0.09 [0.08]	-0.19 [0.22]
PET[C]	0.06 [0.11]	0.04 [0.06]	-19.38 [26.75]	1.64 [1.79]	-0.23 [0.30]	0.62 [0.50]	0.06 [0.12]	0.14** [0.07]	-13.93 [32.73]	3.68** [1.73]	0.13 [0.10]	0.70* [0.41]
PEV[D]	-0.07 [0.12]	0.04 [0.06]	2.87 [25.69]	4.36* [2.47]	0.49 [0.39]	-0.16 [0.82]	-0.03 [0.15]	0.28*** [0.11]	-12.52 [47.25]	10.04* [5.40]	0.27 [0.29]	1.69 [1.08]
#HH[E]	-0.08*** [0.03]	-0.01 [0.02]	-8.87 [8.45]	1.15 [1.04]	0.15 [0.13]	0.06 [0.29]	-0.16*** [0.04]	-0.03 [0.03]	-28.79** [14.10]	0.86 [1.29]	0.03 [0.03]	-0.04 [0.12]
Constant	0.21*** [0.06]	-0.01 [0.03]	13.38 [9.27]	-1.56 [1.10]	-0.08 [0.12]	0.18 [0.38]	0.28*** [0.07]	-0.07* [0.04]	25.06 [15.38]	-3.30* [1.80]	-0.04 [0.06]	-0.47 [0.32]
Observations	1166	1166	1166	1166	1166	1166	467	467	467	467	467	467
Adjusted R-squared	0.19	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.26	0.10	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.07
Meters	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Outcome Mean Pure Control	0.26	0.05	23.51	0.66	0.04	0.09	0.26	0.05	23.51	0.66	0.04	0.09
CT recipients around (%)	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
Average EVs around (%)	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.34	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
Households around(#)	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78

Notes: \*p < 0.05, \*\*p < 0.01, \*\*\*p < 0.001

(1) Sample in Table F7 is a balanced panel that includes all ultra-poor households that were interviewed at baseline and endline.

(2) Table F7 includes answers from primary male respondent in household.

(3) Regression utilizes ANCOVA estimation to control for the baseline level of the outcome. However, the measures related to inputs were measured differently at baseline. Therefore, in this instance, we control for the number of crops, which is the most standardized version across surveys.

(4) All regressions control for location i.e. local government area (LGA) fixed effects and conley standard errors that account for spatial correlation in the data are used (Conley 1999; 2008). The regression discontinuity (RD) estimation is presented in columns 7 to 12 that exploits the sharp discontinuity at the 18 EV cutoff that determined village-level program eligibility to receive cash transfers. We estimate the local average treatment effect (LATE) for the panel sample using only observations close to the cutoff.